



# Power Genius XL User Guide



Power Genius XL Firmware Version 3.6.21 Power Genius XL Utility Version 3.6.21 9 August 2021

# Contents

1	Imp	mportant Notice					
2	Fea	tures	s of the Power Genius XL	6			
	2.1	Fro	nt Panel	6			
	2.2	Вас	k Panel	7			
	2.3	PTB	/BCD Connector Pinout	9			
3	Pov	ver G	Senius XL Setup, Configuration, and Testing	10			
	3.1	Unp	packing and Setup	10			
	3.2	Bas	ic Configuration	13			
	3.2	.1	Connecting the Power Genius XL Utility program	13			
	3.2	.2	Network Tab: Set a Custom Device Name	15			
	3.2	.3	Network Tab: Configuring the Network	15			
	3.2	.4	FlexRadio Tab: Configuring for a FLEX-6000 Series Transceiver.	18			
	3.3	Adv	anced Configuration	21			
	3.3	.1	Configuring the Power Genius XL	21			
	3.3	.2	Required RF Output Delay (TX Delay)	22			
	3.3	.3	Interfacing with Other Exciters	24			
	3.4	Test	ting	35			
4	Оре	eratir	ng the Power Genius XL	37			
	4.1	Cha	nging Standby and Operate Modes	37			
	4.1	.1	Standby Mode	37			
	4.1	.2	Operate Mode	38			
	4.2	Sett	ting Amplifier Bias Class	38			
	4.2	.1	Amplifier Bias Class Modes	39			
	4.3	Trar	nsmitting	40			
	4.3	.1	Power Meter (PWR)	40			
	4.3	.2	SWR meter	41			
	4.3	.3	ld Meter	41			
	4.3	.4	PTT and Band Data	41			
	4.3	.5	Temperature and Voltage	42			
	4.3	.6	Additional Information	42			
	4.4	Stat	tus LED (Backlight)	43			
	4.4	.1	Standby Mode – Yellow backlight	43			
	4.4	.2	Operate Mode – Green backlight	43			

	4.	4.3	Transmitting – Red backlight	44
	4.	4.4	Firmware Upgrade in Progress– Magenta backlight	44
	4.5	120	VAC Operations4	45
5	М	aximu	m Efficiency Algorithm (MEffA™)	46
6	Αι	utoma	tic Power Control (APC)	47
7	На	armon	ic Load	48
8	Th	ermal	l Management (Cooling)	49
	8.1	Pov	ver Supply Unit (PSU) Fans	49
	8.2	Pov	ver Amplifier (PA) Fans	49
	8.3	Har	monic Load and Filter Compartment Fan	50
9	Th	ie Pow	ver Genius XL Utility	51
	9.1	Util	ity Front Panel Display	51
	9.2	Stai	ndby Operate Mode	52
	9.3	Act	ive Fan Profile	52
	9.4	ME	ffA Indicator	52
	9.5	Am	plifier Configuration Dialog	52
	9.	5.1	Network Tab	53
	9.	5.2	CAT/CI-V Tab	55
	9.	5.3	FlexRadio Tab	56
	9.	5.4	Other Tab	57
	9.6	Usa	ge Chart	58
10	) Fii	rmwar	e Upgrade Procedure5	59
11	. Fa	ctory	Reset the Power Genius XL	62
12	2 Al	arms .		62
13	S Sp	ecifica	ations	63
14	FC	C Stat	ement	63
15	S Ap	pend	ix	64
	15 1	Ir	nstalling the Power Genius XI Utility	64

# 1 Important Notice

#### WARNING!

This Radio Frequency (RF) power amplifier is designed to operate on frequencies designated for amateur radio service. You are required to have a valid amateur radio license to operate on these frequencies.

Please operate this amplifier only by following the quick start guide's instructions and this user guide. The unit must only be opened or serviced by a qualified technician.

RF energy from transmitters can interact with some electronic devices, such as cardiac pacemakers and defibrillators. Please refer to the pacemaker or defibrillator manufacturer's instructions concerning the precautions to be taken near an amateur radio transmitter. If any interaction or interference with a pacemaker or defibrillator is suspected, **STOP** transmitting immediately.

#### ! - WARNING!

- ▲ Caution
- i Information
- ! This unit is NOT A TOY. It must not be handled by children nor placed/operated within reach of children.
- ! Do not leave packing material for this unit unattended. It may be harmful to children if misused.
- ! This unit contains small parts that could be a choking hazard to small children. Do not leave accessories unattended.
- ! Do not operate this unit in potentially explosive environments.
- ! Never attempt to insert wires or any tools into the interior of this unit during operation. This may cause fire, electric shock, or death!
- ! This unit must only be operated with the electrical power described in this User Guide. Doing otherwise may cause a fire, injury, or electrical shock.
- ! Never connect or disconnect antennas while in TRANSMIT mode. This may cause electrical shock or RF burns and damage to the unit.
- ! This unit generates high levels of Radio Frequency (RF) energy. Use caution and observe proper safety practices regarding your system configuration. When attached to an antenna, this amplifier can generate RF electromagnetic fields which require evaluation according to your national law to provide any necessary isolation or protection required, concerning human exposure.

- ▲ This unit must only be opened and serviced by a qualified technician. Opening the unit may void the manufacturer's warranty.
- ▲ Do not operate this unit in areas of extreme humidity.
- ▲ Avoid operating this amplifier in direct sunlight or other areas of extreme heat, excessive vibration, or mechanical force.
- ▲ If this unit is intended for use in ICAS commercial applications, special safety regulations and cautions may apply to prevent accidents.
- ▲ If any defect, abnormal result, or other observations occur that are not covered by this User Guide, immediately cease operation and contact FlexRadio Support or local distributor for operational advice or repair of the unit.
- i No physical modification of this amplifier is allowed. Any other use or modification (including software changes that affect operational characteristics) will void the manufacturer's warranty.
- i Ensure proper ventilation around the amplifier; This includes 30 cm (12 inches) clearance in front and back.
- i Please study the complete User Guide. This document contains important information regarding the safe operation of this unit. If you have any questions, please contact the manufacturer or local distributor for details.

## 2 Features of the Power Genius XL

- Full legal power on all HF bands and 6M in all modes. 1500W ICAS with headroom for 2000W
- Unique Maximum Efficiency Algorithm (MEffA™) for efficiencies up to 75%
- Duplexed filters maximize harmonic suppression and efficiency
- Fully SO2R capable 70dB nominal isolation between exciter inputs
- Automatic Power Control (APC) for ultra-fast SWR protection
- Remote control with desktop application in LAN or WAN environments

## 2.1 Front Panel

Designed to be easy to use and intuitive, the front panel consists of three elements:

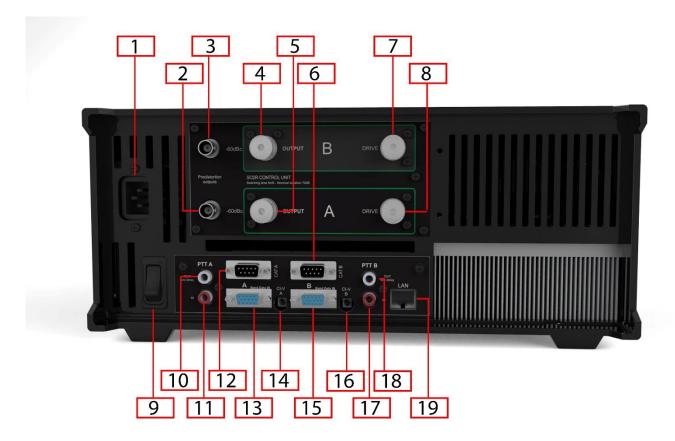


1 Standby / Operate button
2 RGB LED Backlight
3 LCD Touchscreen Display

Pressing the **STBY/OPER** button toggles the amplifier between **STANDBY** and **OPERATE** modes. The LCD Touchscreen Display shows all the essential data for monitoring the amplifier while in operation. See section **4.3, Transmitting** for details.

## 2.2 Back Panel

The back-panel connectors are logically divided into two groups, the A port connectors, and the B port connectors. The amplifier will amplify the signal on the A input and output it on the A output, or it will amplify the signal on the B input and output it on the B output. The A and B sections of the amplifier can be controlled independently by two radios. Separate A and B keying inputs (Push-To-Talk, PTT) and band data inputs are provided. At any point in time either of the A or B sections can be keyed, but they cannot be keyed simultaneously.



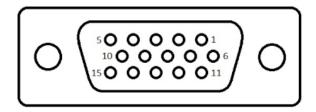
Please refer to the table below.

1	<b>AC Power input:</b> 90-250V AC, 50/60 Hz						
2	<b>RF Adaptive predistortion A output</b> : BNC female connector, -60dBc output signal, connects to radio A's adaptive predistortion input.						
3	<b>RF Adaptive predistortion B output</b> : BNC female connector, -60dBc output signal, connects to radio B's adaptive predistortion input.						
4	RF Output B: SO239 connector for connecting an antenna						
5	RF Output A: SO239 connector for connecting an antenna						
6	CAT Input B: Optoisolated male DB9 connector for radio B CAT command input.						
7	RF Drive B: SO239 connector for connecting radio B						
8	RF Drive A: SO239 connector for connecting radio A						
9	Power Switch: Switches input power ON or OFF						
10	<b>PTT Output A</b> : Optoisolated female RCA connector. The center pin is grounded when section A of the amplifier is keyed and ready to accept RF drive.  See section 3.3.2, Required RF Output Delay (TX Delay) for usage details.						
11	PTT Input A: Optoisolated female RCA connector. Ground the center pin to shield to engage PTT for the A section of the amplifier.  See section 3.3.2, Required RF Output Delay (TX Delay) for usage details.						
12	CAT Input A: Optoisolated male DB9 connector for radio A CAT command input						
13	BCD/PTB Input A: Optoisolated DE-15 female connector for radio A band data						
14	CI-V Input A: Optoisolated 3.5mm female connector for Icom radio A band data						
15	BCD/PTB Input B: Optoisolated DE-15 female connector for radio B band data						
16	CI-V Input B: Optoisolated 3.5mm female connector for ICOM radio B band data						
17	<b>PTT Output B</b> : Optoisolated female RCA connector. The center pin is grounded when section B of the amplifier is keyed and ready to accept RF drive.  See section 3.3.2, Required RF Output Delay (TX Delay) for usage details.						
18	<b>PTT Input B</b> : Optoisolated female RCA connector. Ground the center pin to key the B section of the amplifier.  See section 3.3.2, Required RF Output Delay (TX Delay) for usage details.						
19	Ethernet connection: RJ45 Local Area Network Ethernet connection						

## 2.3 PTB/BCD Connector Pinout

**PTB input** – A 5 to 15-volt DC signal applied to one of the pins described in the following table selects a band and the appropriate filter. The pins are optoisolated. Pin 15 is the signal ground.

Pin	Band	Frequency	Filter
1 160m		1.8 – 2.0 MHz	1
2	80m	3.5 – 4.0 MHz	2
3	40m	7.0 – 7.3 MHz	3
4	30m	10.10 – 10.15 MHz	4
5	20m	14.00 – 14.35 MHz	4
6	17m	18.068 – 18.168 MHz	5
7	15m	21.00 – 21.45 MHz	5
8	12m	24.89 – 24.99 MHz	5
9	10m	28.0 – 29.7 MHz	5
10	6m	50.0 – 54.0 MHz	6
15		Signal Ground	



#### i – The 60-meter band cannot be selected with this method.

**BCD input** – A 4-bit BCD signal (5 to 15-volt DC) selects a band and its filter. The pins are optoisolated. Pin 15 is the signal ground.

The BCD inputs are designed for connection directly to a band decoder output provided by radios such as Yaesu and Elecraft.

Filter	1	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	NA
Band	160m	80m	40m	30m	20m	17m	15m	12m	10m	6m	None
Frequency	1.8	3.5	7	10	14	18	21	24	28	50	NA
Pin 11	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	L
Pin 12	L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	L
Pin 13	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	L	L	L
Pin 14	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	L
Hex Value	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	0

#### i – The 60-meter band cannot be selected with this method.

**Filters** – The amplifier engages output filters using a BCD value; the table above shows which filter is selected for each value.

# 3 Power Genius XL Setup, Configuration, and Testing

# 3.1 Unpacking and Setup

The following accessories and materials are included with your Power Genius XL amplifier. Carefully remove the amplifier from its shipping container, unpack, and identify the items listed below:

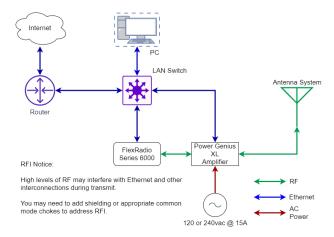
- One (1) Power Genius XL amplifier
- One (1) 2.4m (8 ft.) AC power cord with C13 connector and pigtails
- One (1) 2m (6 ft.) Ethernet cable
- One (1) Power Genius XL User Guide

In addition to the above, the following are required for the initial setup of the amplifier:

- HF / 6-meter transceiver and antenna system
- Suitable coax jumper cables for interconnection of the transceiver and amplifier
- Windows™ PC with an ethernet connection, optionally connected to a local area network (LAN).

Place your Power Genius XL on a flat, stable surface. Ensure the amplifier has at least 30cm (12 inches) of open space in front and back to ensure adequate cooling. Follow these steps and refer to the following diagram to connect your Power Genius XL:

- 1. Connect the transceiver antenna output to the Port A **RF Drive** socket on the amplifier with a suitable coax jumper cable.
- 2. Connect the antenna to the Port A RF Output socket.
- 3. Connect the supplied Ethernet cable from the RJ45 socket on the amplifier's back panel to either the Windows™ PC or your LAN's router or switch.¹
- 4. Apply an AC power plug to the power cable appropriate to your local electrical environment. Connect the cable to the AC power source<sup>2</sup> and plug the C13 connector into the back panel's power socket. The amplifier will accept 90 to 250 volts AC, 50 or 60 Hz. If powered by less than 200 volts, it will operate at a reduced maximum output power level (see section **4.5**, **120 VAC Operations** for details.)
- 5. Turn the amplifier on using the power switch on the back panel.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If connected to your LAN, a Windows™ PC must be present in the LAN to complete the configuration of the amplifier.

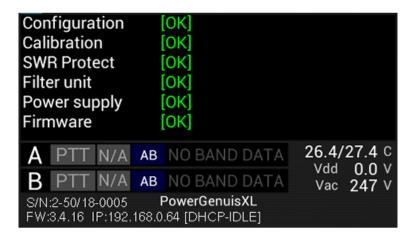
\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A dedicated 15-amp service with the proper circuit breaker wired per local, state or country codes or regulations.

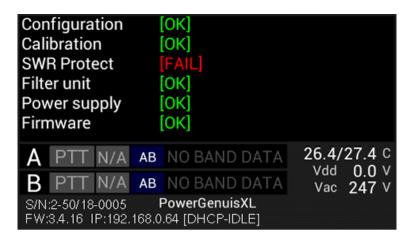
During power-up, the display will briefly show a splash screen like the following:



The amplifier will immediately conduct a power-on self-test (POST). The results of each test are displayed on the front panel. If any tests fail, the amplifier cannot be operated and will not advance into standby mode.



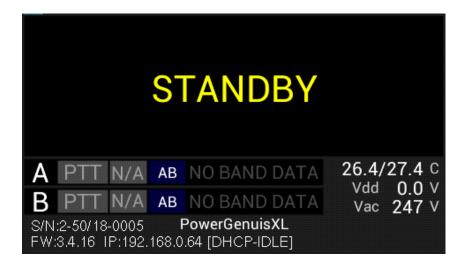
If any POST test fails, an alarm message will be displayed. Contact FlexRadio Support for assistance. There are no user-serviceable components inside the amplifier.



After the test sequence, the amplifier will query your network DHCP service for an available IP address and automatically configure the network settings. If a DHCP service is not available or does not respond, the amplifier will self-assign a Link-Local IP Address following the RFC-3927 specification.

i – If the displayed IP Address begins with 169.254, the amplifier self-allocated a Link-Local IP Address. Depending on your Local Area Network (LAN) configuration, this may indicate a network problem and prevent further setup. Contact FlexRadio Support for assistance.

When the power-on-self-test completes and resolves an IP address, the amplifier will enter **STANDBY** mode and announce its presence on your Local Area Network. The Power Genius XL will always display the IP address.



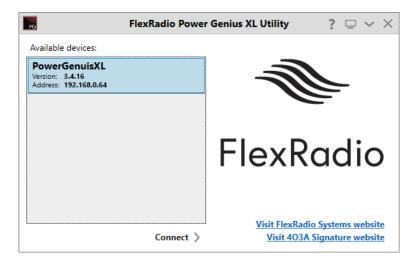
# 3.2 Basic Configuration

Please complete the following steps to configure your Power Genius XL for use.

# 3.2.1 Connecting the Power Genius XL Utility program

The Power Genius XL amplifier must be configured to work with the transceiver or transceivers that will drive it. The basic configuration of the amplifier is accomplished using the *Power Genius XL Utility* program. Please see section *15.1*, *Installing the Power Genius XL Utility*, for installation instructions.

Start the *Power Genius XL Utility* program. It will automatically discover your Power Genius XL amplifier, and you should see something like this:

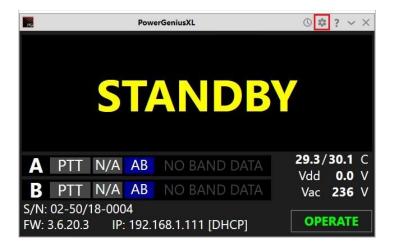


If you do not see your Power Genius XL in the Available devices list, please:

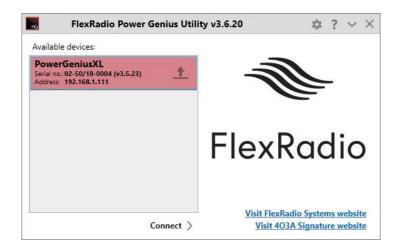
- Double-check your network connections and cables.
- Ensure the Power Genius XL is powered on, and an IP address is displayed on the front panel. See section **3.1**, **Unpacking and Setup** for details.
- Check that the PC's firewall is configured to allow the **Power Genius XL Utility** to communicate over your network. Opening a port in the firewall usually is configured during the utility installation process.
- Check that your PC and Power Genius XL share the same logical network. The IP address of your PC and the Power Genius XL should be similar, though not identical
- If you still have trouble, please submit a HelpDesk ticket for assistance.

Click on your amplifier to select it, then click on the **Connect** button.

Once connected, an amplifier status screen will appear, like the image below. Click on the configuration settings button (outlined in red) to open the amplifier's **Device settings** screen and then continue to the next section of this document to perform the amplifier's basic configuration.



If you see a screen similar to the following, please proceed to section **10**, **Firmware Upgrade Procedure** to upgrade the amplifier's firmware to the version that corresponds to the **Power Genius XL Utility** program.



#### 3.2.2 Network Tab: Set a Custom Device Name

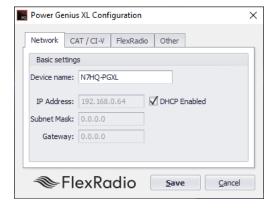
You can customize your Power Genius XL by configuring a device name to uniquely identify your amplifier. This name will appear on the amplifier's front panel, in the utility Available devices list, and the utility's main window.



- Select the Network Tab on the Configuration screen.
- Enter an appropriate name in the Device name field.
- Click Save
- i The amplifier will reboot when Save is clicked.
- i You do not need to click Save after every configuration change. You can postpone it until you have completed all the configuration steps, but you must click Save at some point to save the configuration for later use.

# 3.2.3 Network Tab: Configuring the Network

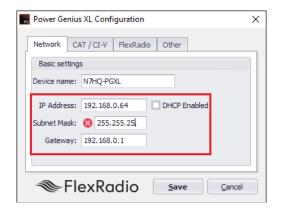
The Power Genius XL is configured at the factory (or after a factory reset) to use DHCP IP addressing and will automatically secure an IP Address appropriate for your network when it starts. This configuration should be sufficient for most situations.

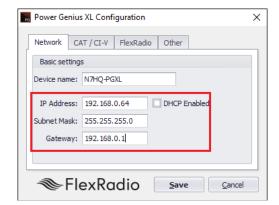


You can use the Network tab to assign a static IP Address, a static Network Mask, and a Gateway address. Static IP addresses are desirable in some network configurations but require specific technical knowledge of the

network. Most configurations will not require these steps. If you don't need any of these options, please proceed to the next section.

The network settings screen performs basic validation of the network settings. Note the red X next to an incorrectly formatted subnet mask below.





If you are not familiar with the rules of setting or using static IP addresses but believe you need to configure one, please submit a HelpDesk ticket for assistance.

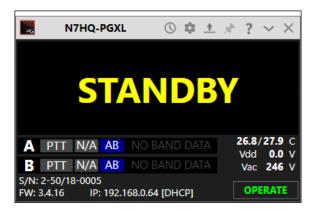
When you have completed the network configuration, click **Save** to instruct the Power Genius XL to save the configuration before performing the next step.

- i The amplifier will reboot when Save is pressed.
- i It is unnecessary to exit and restart the *Power Genius XL Utility* after Save is pressed.
- i If incorrect network information was saved, please follow the instructions in section 11, Factory Reset the Power Genius XL.

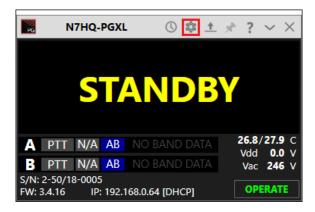
Once you have pressed save, the configuration dialog will close, and the **Power Genius XL Utility** will wait for the amplifier to reboot.



The utility will reconnect to the amplifier when it appears on the network.



Before moving to the next step, please click the configuration (gear) icon.

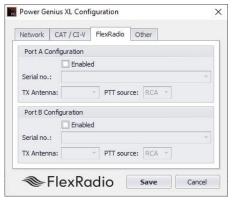


# 3.2.4 FlexRadio Tab: Configuring for a FLEX-6000 Series Transceiver.

To pair the amplifier for use with a FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceiver, turn the radio on, then click on the **FlexRadio** tab in the **Power Genius XL Configuration** screen:







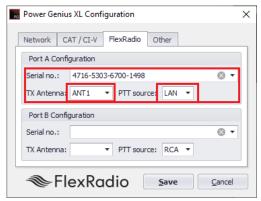
Select the discovered Radio SN

**Enable:** Each of the port configuration windows contains an enable switch. When this switch is off (not checked), the amplifier will ignore any Flex radio configured for that port. The configuration fields will be dimmed and no changes to the configuration, if any, can be made. Click the **Enabled** check box to activate the configuration information for the amplifier port. The ports can be enabled and disabled without altering the configuration information.

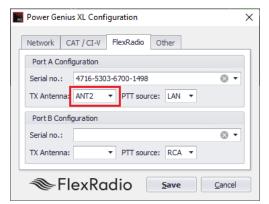
**Serial Number:** The utility program will detect your FLEX-6000 transceiver(s) automatically. If your radio is connected to Port A of the amplifier, click on the Port A serial number drop-down list, and select your radio. You can find your radio's serial number on a sticker on the back panel of the radio or in the Smart SDR Radio Setup dialog as shown above. If a FLEX-6000 transceiver is connected to Port B, make the Port B configuration settings similarly.

It *is not* required that you connect ANT1 output on a FLEX-6000 Signature Series connect to Port A input on the amplifier. Any FLEX-6000 antenna output can be connected to any Power Genius XL Port. However, it *is* required that the configuration match the physical connections.

**TX Antenna:** This field configures the amplifier to follow frequency changes on that port and automatically switches in the correct output filters. For example, if ANT1 on a FLEX-6000 transceiver is connected to amplifier Port A input, select ANT1 as value for the **Port A Configuration** section. When **ANT1** is selected for transmitting on a slice, the amplifier will make the corresponding changes to its output filters. The selected band will appear on the amplifier's front panel and the utility program's screen.



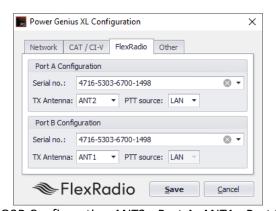
ANT1 is Connected to Port A, LAN PTT



ANT2 is Connected to Port A, LAN PTT

When driven by a FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceiver, the amplifier can be keyed over the **radio's LAN connection**. This option is strongly recommended; however, you can use a PTT signal wire connected to the appropriate **RCA PTT Input** on the amplifier back panel. A twenty millisecond (20ms) TX delay must be set for each Transmit profile that uses the Power Genius XL if you do. Select the desired keying source in the **PTT Source** box on the configuration screen for each radio. **LAN** keying manages all the necessary transmit delays automatically.

When the same FLEX-6000 transceiver is connected to both Power Genius XL ports (A and B), you must select the same serial number for both Port A and B sections. This configuration enables advanced Single Operator Two Radio (SO2R) operations, with a single transceiver and amplifier.



SO2R Configuration ANT2->Port A, ANT1->Port B

Click the **Save** button to record the configuration in the amplifier. The Power Genius XL amplifier is now configured for use by the FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceiver. Please proceed to section **3.4**, **Testing** to complete the setup.

- ! Do not connect another transceiver via RS-232 (CAT), CI-V, or BCD to the same amplifier Port configured for a FlexRadio transceiver.
- i Do not connect a PTT line when interfacing with a FLEX-6000 transceiver. Unless some advanced need requires a separate PTT signaling wire, LAN signaling is all you need.
- i The LAN integration of the Power Genius XL amplifier is supported in SmartSDR Version 2.0 and later versions. It is not supported in SmartSDR Version 1.
- i The amplifier will reboot when Save is pressed.

## 3.3 Advanced Configuration

# 3.3.1 Configuring the Power Genius XL

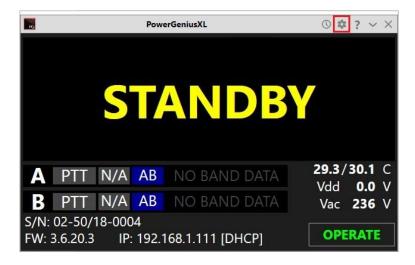
The Power Genius XL amplifier must be configured to work with the transceiver or transceivers ("exciters") that will drive it. The basic configuration of the amplifier is accomplished using the *Power Genius XL Utility* program described above.

The amplifier can be driven by one or two radios. When using two radios, the makes and models do not need to be the same; each amplifier port allows a separate configuration. Follow the instructions that apply to your circumstance, then proceed to section **3.4**, **Testing** to complete the setup.

Start the *Power Genius XL Utility* program. It will find your Power Genius XL amplifier automatically. Click on your amplifier to select it, then click on the **Connect** button.



The amplifier status screen will appear, as shown below. Click on the configuration settings button (outlined in red) to open the amplifier's configuration settings dialog window.



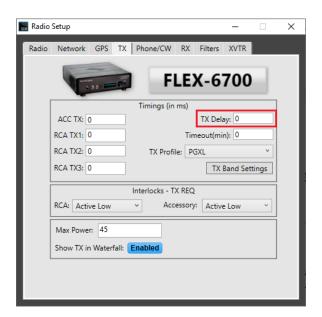
# 3.3.2 Required RF Output Delay (TX Delay)

The Power Genius XL firmware manages all amplifier state transitions. However, the Operate to Transmit transition requires that the exciter slightly delay emitting RF until the transition is complete. The Power Genius XL requires a minimum delay of 20 milliseconds (20ms) between the time the keying signal arrives at the amplifier and the arrival of the exciter RF signal. This time delay is necessary for the amplifier to complete all preparations to accept and amplify a signal safely. The following sections provide detailed information about setting the delay.

## 3.3.2.1 FlexRadio FLEX-6000 Signature Series

When keying the amplifier with FlexRadio 6000 Series transceivers using **LAN** keying, a "TX Delay" value should be set to a minimum of 20 milliseconds to avoid clipping the leading edge of transmissions. In the Standard thermal profile, the amplifier will turn off the main drive power (Vdd and Id) when more than two minutes have elapsed since the last transmission and the PA temperature is below 50° C. In that case, a little additional time may be needed to "wake up" the power supply. Keying the transmitter briefly before a transmission will accomplish this.

TX Delay should be set to 20 milliseconds for all exciters.



i – A best practice is to create a Power Genius XL TX Profile for your FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceiver and load that when using the Power Genius XL.

## 3.3.2.2 TX Delay for Other Exciters

When keying the amplifier with other than FlexRadio 6000 Series transceivers, you will need to use a radio configuration or setting to delay RF generation by at least twenty milliseconds (20ms) after the keying signal (PTT) is sent to the amplifier by the exciter.

Please consult the manual for your transceiver or exciter to enable and configure the transmit delay.

## 3.3.2.3 Exciters Without a TX Delay Adjustment

If the exciter does not support a transmit delay, then configure the amplifier and exciter in the following way:

- Connect the keying device (mic PTT switch, foot pedal, etc.) to the appropriate Power Genius XL PTT Input. The appropriate input is the same amplifier port (A or B) where the exciter output is connected.
- Connect the amplifier's **PTT Output** (port A or B) to the exciter in place of the keying device.

When the amplifier is keyed, the Power Genius XL will manage the output keying signal delay and assert PTT at the transceiver when the amplifier is ready to accept RF.



Example: Footswitch PTT wiring for a transceiver connected to Port A that does not have a TX Delay adjustment.

# 3.3.3 Interfacing with Other Exciters

You can connect more than one radio type to a Power Genius XL, provided each radio is exclusively connected to one of the amplifier ports (A or B). Though each port has multiple interfaces to receive band data and key the amplifier, the amplifier does not support multiple radios on a single amplifier port.

#### 3.3.3.1 Elecraft

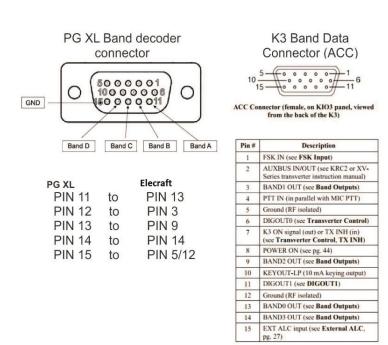
The amplifier requires both band data and a PTT line from Elecraft radios. Band data is available using a custom wired BCD band decoder cable.

#### PTT

Connect an appropriate cable (RCA male terminated on both ends) between the radio's **Key output** and the **PTT Input** corresponding to the amplifier Port (A or B) used.

#### **Band Data (BCD)**

See the pinout diagram below for the cable configuration. The connection is the same for all Elecraft radio models.





You can connect either the **BCD/PTB Input A** or **BCD/PTB Input B** connector on your amplifier to the ACC connector on the Elecraft transceiver using a female-to-female DE-15 cable (DE-15 male connectors on both ends of the cable), customized as detailed above.

## Configuration

To configure the amplifier, click on the CAT/C-IV tab in the **Power Genius XL Configuration** screen.



Select the appropriate radio model from the **Radio type** drop-down menu for the amplifier port where the radio is connected. Select the serial communication port speed and configuration parameters that apply to your radio. Click the **Save** button to record the configuration in the amplifier.

## i – The amplifier will reboot when Save is pressed.

Please proceed to section **3.4**, **Testing** to complete the setup.

#### 3.3.3.2 Kenwood

The amplifier requires both band data and a PTT line from Kenwood radios. Band data is available using the CAT protocol via RS-232.

#### PTT

Connect an appropriate cable between the radio's PTT output and the **PTT Input** corresponding to the amplifier Port (A or B) used. Some models may require a custom cable to access radio PTT from an accessory connector.

#### **Band Data (CAT)**



RS-232 (CAT) connections use a straight-through female-to-female DB9 cable.

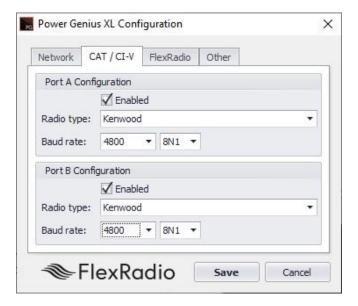
Connect either the **CAT Input A** or **CAT Input B** connector on your Power Genius XL to the CAT connector on the Kenwood transceiver using a female-to-female DB9 cable.





## Configuration

To configure the amplifier, click on the CAT/C-IV tab in the **Power Genius XL Configuration** screen.



Select "Kenwood" from the **Radio type** drop-down menu for the amplifier port where the radio is connected. Select the serial communication port speed and configuration parameters that apply to your radio. Click the **Save** button to record the configuration in the amplifier.

i – The amplifier will reboot when Save is pressed.

Please proceed to section **3.4**, **Testing** to complete the setup.

## 3.3.3.3 ICOM

The amplifier requires both band data and a PTT line from Icom radios. Band data is available using RS-232 (CAT) or CI-V.

#### PTT

Connect an appropriate cable between the radio's PTT output and the **PTT Input** corresponding to the amplifier Port (A or B) used. Some models may require a custom cable to access radio PTT from an accessory connector.

#### **Band Data (CAT)**



RS-232 (CAT) connections use a straight-through female-to-female DB9 cable.

Connect either the **CAT Input A** or **CAT Input B** connector on your Power Genius XL to the CAT connector on the lcom transceiver using a female-to-female DB9 cable.



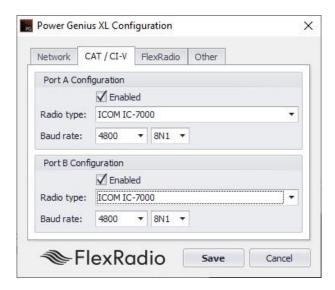
#### Band Data (CI-V)

You can connect either the **CI-V Input A** or **CI-V Input B** connector on your amplifier to the CI-V connector on the Icom transceiver using a standard 3.5mm three-wire (TRS) or a two-wire (TR) cable.



#### Configuration

To configure the amplifier, click on the CAT/C-IV tab in the **Power Genius XL Configuration** screen.



Select the appropriate radio model from the **Radio type** drop-down menu for the amplifier port where the radio is connected. Select the serial communication port speed and configuration parameters that apply to your radio.

If your Icom model is not listed, you will need to change the Icom CI-V address in your radio to one of the three values supported by the amplifier.

Icom Model	CI-V Address
IC-775	\$46 (46 Hex)
IC-7000	\$70 (70 Hex)
IC-7800	\$6A (6A Hex)

- 1. Change the CI-V address of the Icom radio to a value supported by the Power Genius XL firmware (see table above) and select the corresponding Icom Model in the *Power Genius XL Utility*.
- 2. Connect a PTT cable between the radio and the appropriate port (A or B) on the amplifier.

3. You will need to select the corresponding radio in the *Power Genius XL Utility* for this to work. The data rate is up to you – 9600 baud is preferred – however, the Icom exciter must be set to the same data rate as the Power Genius XL. Faster is not necessarily better as this connection is used solely for band/frequency data.

Click the **Save** button to record the configuration in the amplifier.

i – The amplifier will reboot when Save is pressed.

Please proceed to section **3.4**, **Testing** to complete the setup.

## 3.3.3.4 Yaesu

The amplifier requires both band data and a PTT line from Yaesu radios. Band data is available using either the CAT protocol via RS-232 or BCD band data from a DIN connector.

#### PTT

Connect an appropriate cable between the radio's PTT output and the **PTT Input** corresponding to the amplifier Port (A or B) used. Some models may require a custom cable to access radio PTT from an accessory connector.

#### **Band Data (CAT)**



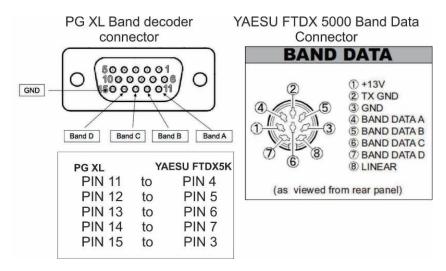
RS-232 (CAT) connections use a straight-through female-to-female DB9 cable.



You can connect either the **CAT Input A** or **CAT Input B** connector on your amplifier to the CAT connector on the Yaesu transceiver using a female-to-female DB9 cable.

#### **Band Data (BCD)**

Alternatively, you can use a BCD connection between the eight-pin DIN (Band Data) connector on the Yaesu transceiver to the Band Data A or Band Data B (DB15) connector on the amplifier



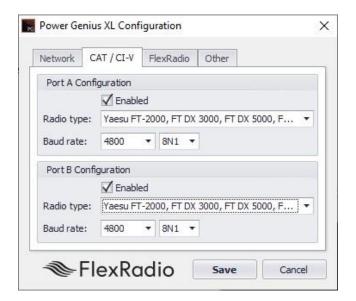
BCD connections use a custom cable configured as shown in this diagram.



i - Optocouplers protect all serial and digital inputs or outputs on the Power Genius XL

#### Configuration

To configure the amplifier, click on the CAT/C-IV tab in the **Power Genius XL Configuration** screen.



Select the appropriate radio model from the **Radio type** drop-down menu for the amplifier port where the radio is connected. Select the serial communication port speed and configuration parameters that apply to your radio. Click the **Save** button to record the configuration in the amplifier.

## i – The amplifier will reboot when Save is pressed.

Please proceed to section **3.4**, **Testing** to complete the configuration.

#### 3.3.3.5 Unlisted Exciters

#### **PTT**

Connect an appropriate cable between the radio's PTT output and the amplifier's **PTT Input** A or B jack. Most radios have a PTT interface. However, it is essential to check your exciter' operating manual to determine the keying voltage and current, especially with older radios. The Power Genius XL PTT lines are optoisolated, but they will not tolerate high voltages or an AC voltage. Be prepared to provide a keying buffer relay designed for the task, like the Ameritron ARB-704 amp to transceiver interface.

i – Some operators choose to use a keying buffer in all cases as "insurance" to prevent any possible damage to the exciter or amplifier due to possible transient voltage spikes or RF ingress.

#### **Band Data**

Most radios use one of these protocols to send band data to external devices:

## • BCD / PTB protocol

Connect your radio or band decoder to the **BCD/PTB Input A** or **BCD/PTB Input B** connector on the amplifier. This connection requires no additional configuration and works automatically. Band data arriving on the BCD/PTB connection overrides other sources. See section **2.3**, **PTB/BCD Connector Pinout**, for additional information.

#### CAT protocol

Connect your radio's CAT output to the **CAT Input A** or **CAT Input B** connector on the amplifier. Configure the CAT protocol details using the *Power Genius XL Utility*.

#### CI-V protocol

Connect your radio's CI-V output to the **CI-V Input A** or **CI-V Input B** connector using a 3.5mm TS or TRS connector. Configure the CI-V protocol details using the *Power Genius XL Utility*.

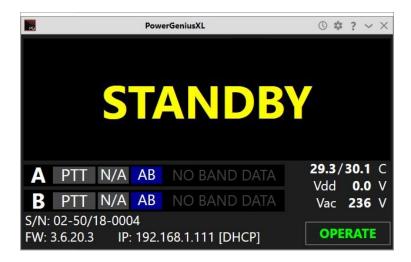
#### • Frequency Measurement

The Power Genius XL will measure an RF signal's frequency applied to one of its inputs and automatically switch in the appropriate filters. This band switching mode often requires that you double-key briefly before the transmission to allow the filter switching to complete.

Please proceed to section **3.4**, **Testing** to complete the setup.

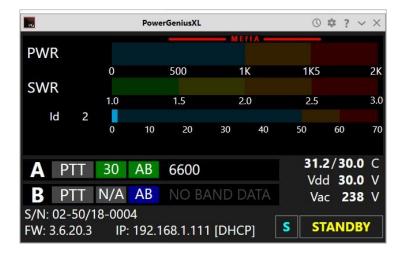
# 3.4 Testing

After following the instructions in *Basic Configuration* or *Advanced Configuration*, you should test the radio to amplifier connection. Turn the radio and amplifier on and select a band on the radio. The band information should appear on the amplifier's front panel and the *Power Genius XL Utility* for the port you have chosen.



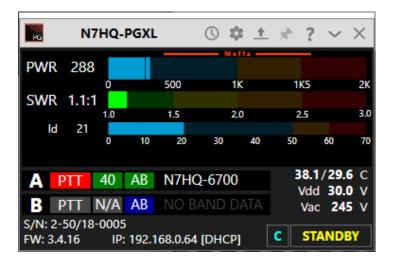
Make sure all RF connections are correctly attached and tightened and that an appropriate antenna or dummy load is attached to the appropriate amplifier output.

Put the amplifier in **OPERATE** mode by pressing the **STBY/OPER** button on the amplifier's front panel or the Operate button on the *Power Genius XL Utility*. The Power/SWR/Id/temperature and voltage meters should now appear.

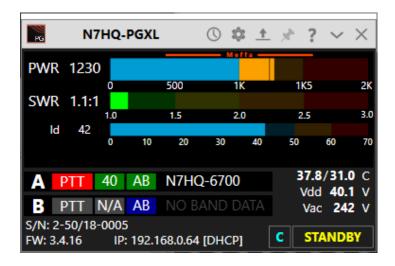


Change to another band and verify the amplifier follows the change.

Set the drive power at the transmitter to about 10 watts and transmit a carrier. The amplifier should switch into transmit mode.



- The front panel LED background status lights will change from green to red
- The PTT indicator on the front panel display will be red.
- The output power level should be about 15dB greater than the input power (about 300 watts for 10 watts of drive).
- The I<sub>d</sub> will increase to about 20A.
- SWR will be displayed along with the LDMOS drive voltage and drain current.
- The heatsink temperatures and cooling fan speeds will increase. Provided the SWR remains in the meter's green range, increasing the drive power should produce corresponding increases in I<sub>d</sub> and output power.



### 4 Operating the Power Genius XL

# 4.1 Changing Standby and Operate Modes

There are two ways the amplifier can be toggled between Standby and Operate modes.

- 1. By pressing the STBY/OPER button on the front panel of the amplifier.
- 2. By changing the mode using software.





i – When properly configured, a convenient method for switching between Standby and Operate mode uses software connected to the Power Genius XL over the LAN.

The front panel STBY/OPER button toggles the operational state between STANDBY and OPERATE mode.

### 4.1.1 Standby Mode

In **STANDBY** mode, the amplifier power supply is disabled, and the drive signal is passed, unamplified, to the output ports. The front panel backlights are yellow. The amplifier can remain in this mode indefinitely.

i – The Power Supply Unit (PSU) will generate some heat in Standby, and in relatively warm installation environments, the fans that cool the PSU may engage periodically.



### 4.1.2 Operate Mode

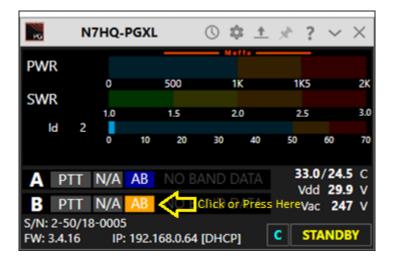
In **OPERATE** mode, the amplifier power supply is engaged, and the amplifier is prepared to receive RF Input Drive and a PTT signal. The front panel meters are active, the LED backlights turn green, band/frequency data is processed, and the correct filters are selected and displayed.



i – Before entering the OPERATE mode, the Power Genius XL will perform a quick self-test of all the modules.

### 4.2 Setting Amplifier Bias Class

The Power Genius XL has two preset amplifier bias classes, Class AB and Class AAB. You can manually select between the two classes using the touch-screen front-panel on the amplifier or the *Power Genius Utility* program. Click or touch the class button on the appropriate port. The button will cycle between (Auto, AB, and AAB).



FlexRadio FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceivers conveniently switch the amplifier's bias class automatically depending on the selected modulation mode in Smart SDR. Manual bias switching is not available when a FLEX-6000 Signature Series is paired and connected.

### 4.2.1 Amplifier Bias Class Modes

AB – As its name suggests, this class is a combination of class A and class B operation. This mode sets a small bias voltage and is a good efficiency and linearity compromise between class A and B operation. Use the AB bias class for modes where linearity is not an absolute requirement. MEffA is available only in this class.

AAB – the amplifier operates in *nearly* pure class A territory, offering improved linearity at the expense of efficiency. MEffA is not available in this class.

Auto — used only for FlexRadio FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceivers. The amplifier bias class is automatically selected from the transceiver's data.

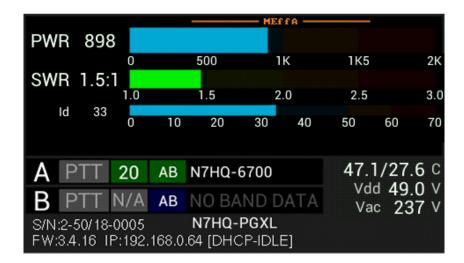
Modulation Mode	Amplifier Class
AM, USB, LSB, PSK	AAB
CW, FM, FSK, MFSK, Digital (see note)	AB

i – FlexRadio transceivers will switch the Power Genius XL bias class to AB when DIGU and DIGL modulation modes are selected in Smart SDR. When you transmit a phase-shift keyed digital mode like PSK, we recommend that you either disable MEffA or select USB/LSB for the modulation mode and disable any audio processing. The operationally "better" change is disabling MEffA, as it is a less involved change, and there are filter optimizations for DIGx modes that may benefit the transmission.

i – The amplifier monitors the signal and determines the nature of the RF envelope. If it determines the bias class should change, the class label will blink while the amplifier is transmitting and will change to the new bias class when the transmission ends.

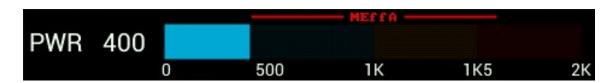
### 4.3 Transmitting

When the amplifier is transmitting, the front panel display looks like this:



The elements of this display are described in the following sections.

## 4.3.1 Power Meter (PWR)

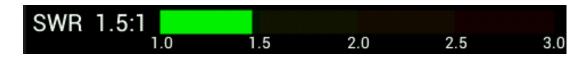


The power meter indicates the transmitted peak and average power. It ranges from 0 to over 2000W. When operating above 1500 watts, the meter is shown in red. When the MEffA indicator is displayed in red lettering, the MEffA algorithm is optimizing the amplifier's operating point.

i – Power measurements update approximately every 100ms and should be used for reference only. For a more accurate power reading, transmit a fixed amplitude and frequency signal for at least 1 second.

i – The MEffA indicator on the *Power Genius XL Utility* is "clickable" and allows the operator to switch MEffA mode ON or OFF.

#### 4.3.2 SWR meter



The SWR meter shows the Standing Wave Ratio (SWR) on the transmitting port. The maximum working SWR allowed by the amplifier is 3:1. Output power will be reduced when the SWR exceeds 2:1. Above 3:1, the amplifier will raise the HIGH SWR alarm and stop transmitting.

#### 4.3.3 ld Meter



The I<sub>d</sub> meter shows the LDMOS drain current in Amperes. It ranges from 0A to 70A.

#### 4.3.4 PTT and Band Data



These displays show the PTT information, band data, amplifier operating class, and the band data source for Ports A and B. The PTT label is red when PTT input is detected, and the amplifier is transmitting. The green labels show the selected band. When no band data is present, these labels will display **N/A** (not available).

The blue label indicates LDMOS bias class. Class AB operation is optimal for single tone modes, while class AAB is best for SSB and AM. While transmitting, the amplifier monitors the signal and determines the nature of the envelope. If it decides the bias class should change, the class label will blink while the amplifier is transmitting, and the class will change when the transmission ends.

Labels to the right indicate the band data source, which will be one of:

- A FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceiver, in which case it will display your radio's name
- BCD band data
- PTB band data
- CAT band data

### 4.3.5 Temperature and Voltage

47.1/27.6 C Vdd 49.0 V Vac 237 V

The bottom right part of the display shows:

t the temperatures (Celsius) of the PA heatsink and Harmonic Load heatsink

 $V_{dd}$  the LDMOS drain voltage  $V_{ac}$  the AC supply voltage

The optimal operation is below 75° C. Above 80° C, the amplifier will decrease output power to protect it from damage. If the temperature exceeds 90° C, the amplifier will fault and stop transmitting until the temperature drops. Cooling fan speeds are controlled automatically by the firmware using the selected fan profile.

Typical  $V_{dd}$  values range from 30V to 53VDC.  $V_{dd}$  is determined automatically by the output transistor temperature, the operational mode (AAB or AB) and MEffA.

#### 4.3.6 Additional Information

S/N:2-50/18-0005 **N7HQ-PGXL** FW:3.4.16 IP:192.168.0.64 [DHCP-IDLE]

This section shows the amplifier serial number, device name, firmware version, the IP address, and IP Addressing mode.

# 4.4 Status LED (Backlight)

The front-panel LED backlight shows the current operational state:

Backlight Color	Operational Mode
Yellow	Standby
Green	Operate
Red	Transmit
Magenta	Firmware Upgrade in Progress

# 4.4.1 Standby Mode – Yellow backlight



The yellow backlight indicates the amplifier is in **STANDBY** mode. To change to **OPERATE** mode, press the **STBY/OPER** button on the front panel.

# 4.4.2 Operate Mode – Green backlight



The green backlight indicates the amplifier is in **OPERATE** mode. To change to **STANDBY** mode, press the **STBY/OPER** button on the front panel.

# 4.4.3 Transmitting – Red backlight



The red backlight indicates the amplifier is transmitting.

# 4.4.4 Firmware Upgrade in Progress- Magenta backlight



The magenta backlight indicates the amplifier is in firmware update mode. The display will show the bootloader version and the IP address of the device. Once the update is complete, the amplifier will restart.

i – When the amplifier is first turned on, these status LEDs gradually brighten, meant to simulate a tube filament warming up.

### 4.5 120 VAC Operations

The Power Genius XL uses a commercial-grade AC/DC power converter to supply power to the amplifier. The Power Supply Unit (PSU) is rated at its full output power when it is supplied with more than 200 volts AC (50 or 60 Hz). The amplifier can be supplied with less than 200 VAC, but it will operate at a reduced power level. It can be operated on 120 VAC, a standard wall-socket voltage in the US.

When operated on 120V AC, the amplifier automatically de-rates its performance in the following ways:

- 1. Reduces the maximum output power to 700 watts
- 2. Reduces the APC fold-back threshold to 650 watts.
- 3. Reduces gain to about 12 dB.
- 4. Rescales the front panel and the utility program's Power meters to 1000 watts maximum.



i – When the amplifier is operated between 650 and 700 watts, the APC system will reduce power to about 650 watts.

i – When a transmission is attempted above 700 watts, the amplifier will fault, turn off the power supply to protect it from overload and display the "PLEASE UNKEY" message. To clear the overload, you must unkey (stop transmitting).

## 5 Maximum Efficiency Algorithm (MEffA™)

The <u>Maximum Efficiency Algorithm</u> (MEffA) controls the amplifier's operational parameters to maximize the linearity of the amplified signal, minimize Intermodulation Distortion products, and maximize power supply efficiency. The amplifier adjusts drive voltage and bias settings based on the type of input signal. When a pure carrier signal such as a CW signal is input, the amplifier operates in class-AB and can achieve an efficiency approaching 75%. When an SSB signal is input, the amplifier operates in class AAB, between class A, which is the most linear but least efficient, and class AB, which is more efficient but less linear.

MEffA does not work with signals with varying amplitudes, such as SSB, AM, or phase-shift keying digital modes like PSK-31. These modulation modes require more linear operation (class AAB). When MEffA is configured, but the amplifier is operating in class AAB, the MEffA caption on the front panel will be dimmed.

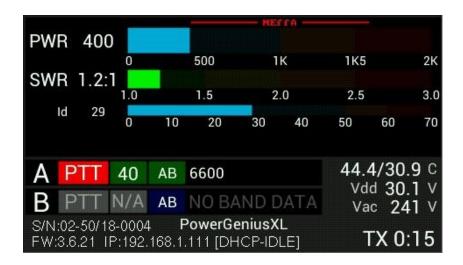
You can operate in class AB without MEffA, which still improves amplifier efficiency for constant level signals relative to maximum linearity amplification.

To adjust MEffA for operation at the desired power level:

- Key the amplifier with a "Tune" or drive signal to establish the desired output.
- Unkey the amplifier and re-key. You may note that the amplifier has modified the LDMOS Drain Voltage and the output power.
- Adjust the drive to re-establish the desired output level.
- Repeat this process until the desired output power is consistently achieved.

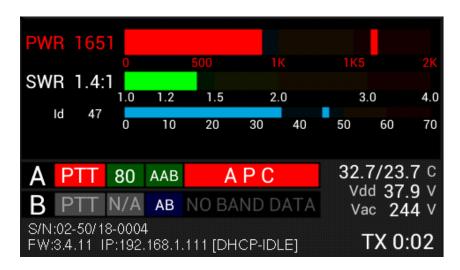
You are now ready to operate.

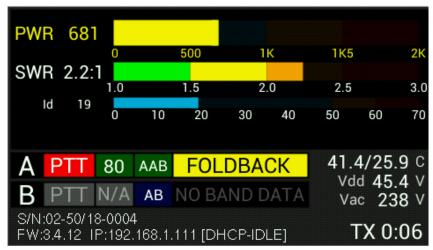
If you don't want to go through this process, you can leave the MEffA box unchecked in the **Power Genius XL Utility** program tab "Other" and use a fixed drive level that will correspond to fixed power output on a given band.



### 6 Automatic Power Control (APC)

Automatic Power Control (APC) is a system that reduces output power when an operating limit is exceeded, preventing damage to the amplifier. Reacting quickly, it monitors output power, VSWR, and driver temperature. When peak output power exceeds a preset limit, APC will reduce the output power, and the APC alarm will be shown on the amplifier's front panel. APC will limit output power to 2000 watts on all bands except 160 and 20, where it triggers at 1650 and 1750 watts, respectively.





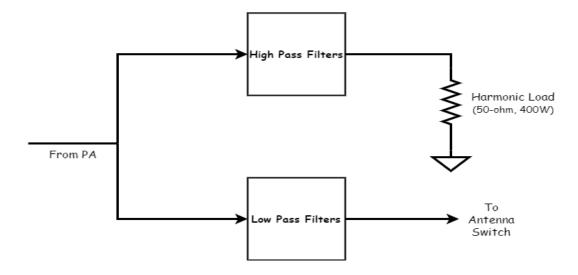
- i The control operator has the sole responsibility for limiting the amplifier's output power to a value at or below his or her licensed limit. APC is not responsible for and does not enforce this limit.
- i When a VSWR of more than 2:1 is detected, APC reduces output power to a safe level, allowing for continued operation. If VSWR exceeds 3.1:1, APC switches the amplifier to STANDBY mode and displays the HIGH SWR alarm.
- i When APC detects that the PA heat sink temperature is nearing its upper limit, it reduces the output power if the MEffA system cannot contain the temperature. When the amplifier cools, APC will restore full power.

#### 7 Harmonic Load

Solid-state Amateur Band RF power amplifiers typically use low pass filters to suppress harmonic frequency output created during amplification to meet jurisdictional regulations limiting emissions that can cause interference in other frequency bands. With traditional amplifier designs, this harmonic energy is reflected from the low pass filters back into the output stage where it can cause damaging voltage spikes and additional non-linearities.

In addition to a set of low pass filters, the Power Genius XL employs separate high pass filters that route generated harmonics to an internal 400-watt dummy load, called the Harmonic Load. Commonly found only in broadcast-grade transmitters, unwanted harmonic energy is not reflected into the output stage and is safely dissipated as heat. This design improves linearity and allows the amplifier to achieve the same fundamental power output with less LDMOS device peak drain voltage.

The Harmonic Load in the Power Genius XL is mounted on a dedicated heat sink, with independent thermal management, using a discrete temperature sensor and fan controller.



### 8 Thermal Management (Cooling)

There are three independently managed fan assemblies in the Power Genius XL; microprocessor-controlled fans manage each based on discrete temperature sensors in the area that they cool.

The *Power Genius XL Utility* program provides a configuration option to select one of three active fan profiles: "Normal," "Contest," and "Broadcast." See section **9.5.4**, **Other Tab** for more details.

"Normal" is the least aggressive (most quiet) profile. The fans run more slowly or are off when the amplifier is cool and ramp using a non-linear hysteresis curve as the cooling domains in the amplifier increase in temperature. Power may be turned off after a period of inactivity to allow the fans to turn off. In this case, a slight delay on the next transmission will be imposed by the amplifier to allow time to restart the power supply.

The "Contest" profile uses a more aggressive hysteresis curve and anticipates continuous heavy use, such as might be encountered in a contest situation. Power is not turned off, so fans may run continuously at low speed when the amplifier is idle.

The "Broadcast" profile sets all fans to maximum speed while the amplifier is in **OPERATE** mode.

Independent of the selected fan profile, the unit will always manage the fans to the speed necessary to protect the amplifier. Some combinations of frequency and power levels will cause the fans to run at higher speeds because these configurations are known to generate more heat.

### 8.1 Power Supply Unit (PSU) Fans

The Power Supply Unit (PSU) is a self-contained unit that manages all thermal aspects, including its fan speed. There is no end-user control available to adjust the thermal management of the PSU.

i – When the amplifier is in STANDBY or OPERATE mode and is not transmitting, the current draw is low, but the temperature may gradually rise in the PSU. The PSU may occasionally cycle its fans to keep the temperature within a safe range.

# 8.2 Power Amplifier (PA) Fans

Three fans cool the Power Amplifier compartment and heat sink. The PA fans will go to maximum speed when the PA temperature is sensed above 75°C, regardless of fan profile. At or above 85°C, the amplifier will issue a fault and shut down to protect itself.

i - MEffA mode reduces current requirements and will reduce the need for high cooling fan speeds.

### 8.3 Harmonic Load and Filter Compartment Fan

The Harmonic Load and Filter Compartment fan will go to the maximum speed at Harmonic Load heat sink temperature of 65°C or higher, regardless of fan profile selection. The Harmonic Load and filter compartment in the Power Genius XL can be safely operated to 110°C, at which point the amp will issue a fault and shut down.

This fan also obeys an algorithm that follows the accumulated key-down time; as the amount of key-down time in the last 120 seconds increases, the fan speed increases. All these inputs work together to ensure that the Harmonic Load and Filter unit is always adequately cooled.

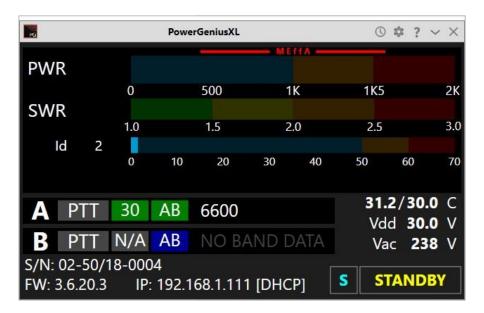
In all cases, fan speeds are continuously adjusted to keep the amplifier within safe temperature limits.

### 9 The Power Genius XL Utility

In addition to the amplifier configuration tasks described in the previous sections, the *Power Genius XL Utility* provides several other features.

### 9.1 Utility Front Panel Display

The **Power Genius XL Utility** provides an active remote version of the amplifier's front panel display.



The screen's title bar includes a button that opens the configuration screens, a button that opens the program version/information screen and a button that opens the usage chart (see section **9.6**, **Usage Chart**).

### 9.2 Standby Operate Mode



The utility application provides a **STANDBY/OPERATE** button in the lower right corner of the screen. Clicking this button changes the amplifier from **STANDBY** mode to **OPERATE** mode and back.

#### 9.3 Active Fan Profile



Just to the left of the **STBY/OPER** button is a small button that allows you to change the active fan profile. Click this button to change the fan profile to Standard (**S**), Contest (**C**), or Broadcast (**B**). The change to the fan profile takes place immediately but is not recorded in the amplifier's memory. The next time the amplifier is started, it will revert to the fan mode set using the **Other** tab on the Configuration dialog. To make the fan mode change permanent, use the **Save** button on the Configuration screen.

#### 9.4 MEffA Indicator

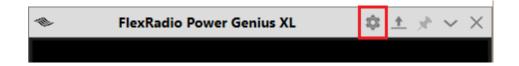


Immediately above the PWR meter, you will see the MEffA indicator. Clicking on the indicator will toggle the MEffA system on and off. As with the fan mode button, the change is not recorded in the amplifier's configuration memory. To make the MEffA mode change permanent, use the **Save** button on the Configuration screen.

When MEffA is in operation and the amplifier is operating in class AB, the indicator is shown in red. When MEffA is configured, but the amplifier is operating in class AAB, the indicator is dimmed showing that MEffA operation does not apply to class AAB operation. When the MEffA indicator is not shown, MEffA is disabled.

# 9.5 Amplifier Configuration Dialog

Clicking the Configuration button (gear icon) at the top right of the *Power Genius XL Utility* screen opens a submenu that offers three options, **Always on Top**, **Device settings** and **Upgrade firmware**. Choose the desired option.

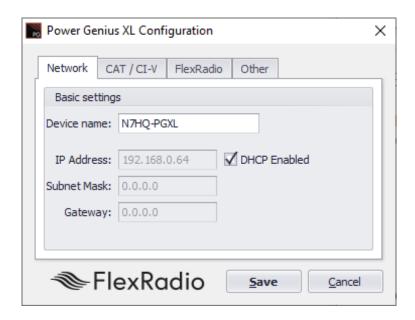


#### 9.5.1 Network Tab

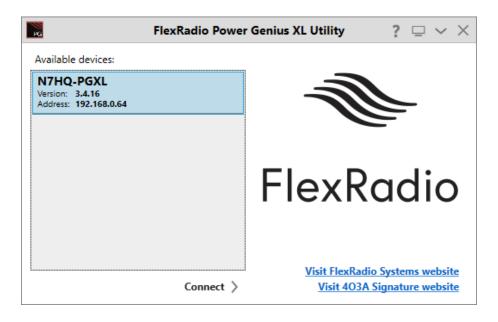
The **Network** tab is used to configure the device name and the amplifier network interface.

#### **9.5.1.1 Device Name**

The **Power Genius XL Utility** supports creating a custom "Device Name" for an amplifier. This name is simply a short text string that is associated with a specific amplifier. It can be set, changed, and cleared on the Network tab of the Configuration screen, as shown below:

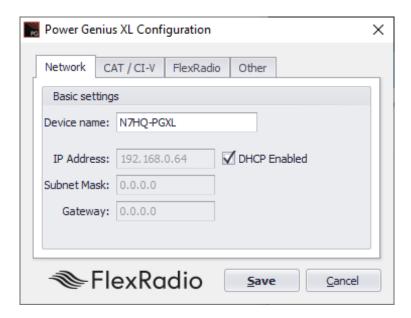


In this case, the user has set the nickname to N7HQ-PGXL. The nickname will appear in the utility program's chooser, as shown below and in the title bar of the utility program's main screen:



i – The default nickname is "PowerGeniusXL."

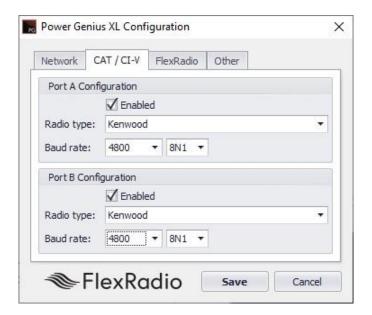
## 9.5.1.2 Basic Settings



You can select between a DHCP supplied IP Address or configure the amplifier to use a static IP address. See section **9.5.1**, **Network Tab** for details.

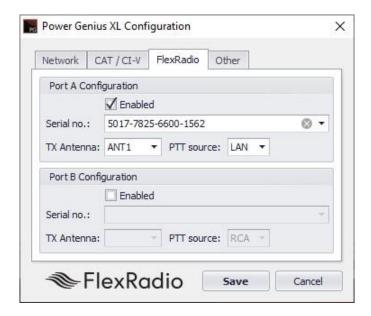
#### 9.5.2 CAT/CI-V Tab

Use the **CAT / CI-V** tab when a FlexRadio 6000 Series transceiver does not control the amplifier. Choose the make and model of the transceiver connected to each amplifier port. Choose the communication parameter settings. A selection of radio makes and models are provided. Do not use this tab to configure FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceivers. Click the **Save** button after the choices have been made.



**Enabled:** Each of the port configuration windows contains an enable switch. When this switch is off (not checked), the amplifier will ignore any radio configured for that port. The configuration fields will be dimmed and no changes to the configuration, if any, can be made. Click the **Enabled** check box to activate the configuration information for the amplifier port. The ports can be enabled and disabled without altering the configuration information.

#### 9.5.3 FlexRadio Tab



Use the FlexRadio tab to configure the amplifier to pair with FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceivers.

Before beginning this configuration, make sure your FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceivers are turned on and connected to the same Local Area Network that hosts the Power Genius XL. *The Power Genius XL Utility* will discover the FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceivers over the network.

Each of the port configuration windows contains an enable switch. When this switch is off (not checked), the amplifier will ignore any Flex radio configured for that port. The configuration fields will be dimmed and no changes to the configuration, if any, can be made. Click the **Enabled** check box to activate the configuration information for the amplifier port. The ports can be enabled and disabled without altering the configuration information.

You must select the serial number of the radio connected to each port. Leave the serial number field blank if you do not want that port paired with a FLEX-6000 Signature Series transceiver.

Select the antenna port from the FLEX radio (ANT1 or ANT2) that is connected to the amplifier port (A or B)

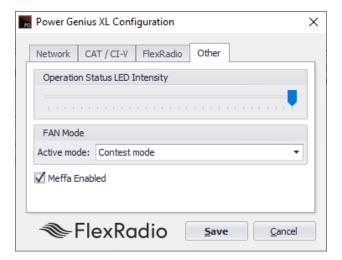
Be sure to select LAN for the PTT source; using RCA as the PTT source for FLEX-6000 Series transceivers is not recommended.

Click the **Save** button to store the configuration after the choices have been made.

i – The amplifier will reboot when Save is pressed.

#### 9.5.4 Other Tab

Use the **Other** tab to adjust the front panel backlight intensity, the cooling fan operational mode, and the default MEffA state.



#### **Operation Status LED Intensity**

This control sets the intensity for the LEDs on the front panel. The LED brightness does not change when moving the control. You must click the save button to observe the change in brightness.

#### Thermal (Fan) Profiles

- **Standard** the fans run at low speed, increasing speed with temperature but optimized for the lowest fan noise. Standard mode is recommended for casual SSB, CW, and digital operation.
- **Contest** the fans run at a higher initial speed, increasing speed with temperature. Fan noise is louder than in Standard mode. Contest mode is recommended for contesting or extended SSB, CW or digital operation.
- Broadcast the fans run continuously at high speed, regardless of temperature. Broadcast mode is recommended for extended high power RTTY and digital mode operation or high duty cycle SO2R contesting.

#### MFffA

The MEffA checkbox enables or disables the default state of the MEffA feature. See section **5**, **Maximum Efficiency Algorithm (MEffA™)** for more information.

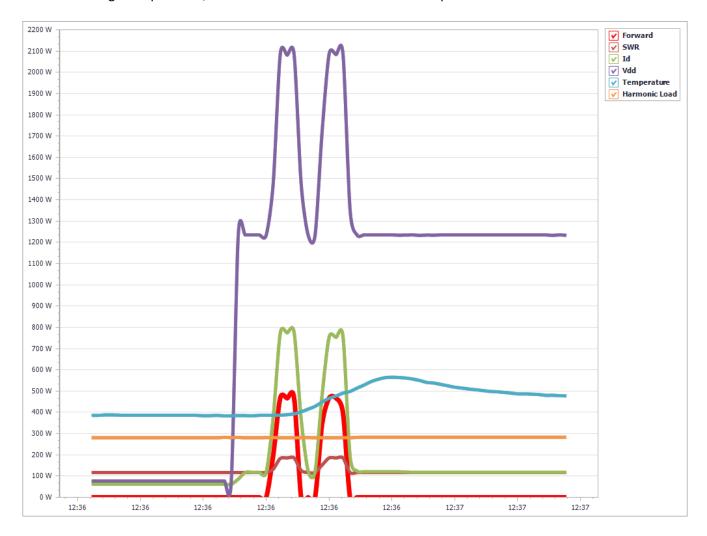
- i You must press Save and reboot the amplifier to change the Status LED intensity.
- i Please don't confuse Status LED intensity with the brightness level control for the front panel display. The front panel display operates at a fixed brightness and will drop into a screen-saver mode after a period of inactivity.

# 9.6 Usage Chart

The *Power Genius XL Utility* collects operational data from the amplifier and can chart that data on a graph over time. The Usage Chart button in the utility's menu bar displays the chart.



In the following example chart, we see two transmissions over a short period.

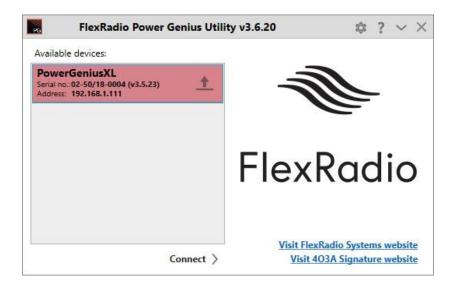


i – Up to 2 hours (120 minutes) of data is collected and stored on the PC hard drive.

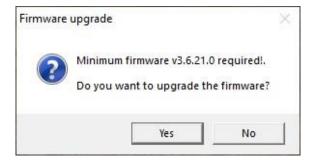
### 10 Firmware Upgrade Procedure

The **Power Genius XL Utility** can be used to update the firmware in your Power Genius XL amplifier over the network. Start the utility program and connect to the amplifier.

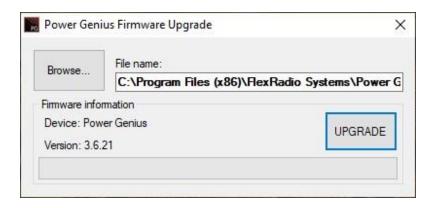
If the **Power Genius XL Utility** finds that firmware running the amplifier is out of date, it will display a screen like the following:



and will ask:



If you answer "no" to this question, the utility program will not connect to the amplifier, but the amplifier will continue to run. If you answer "yes", the following screen is displayed:



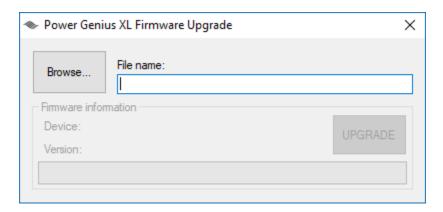
Clicking the UPGRADE button will cause the utility program to install the firmware associated with the version of the utility program. After installation, the amplifier will reboot, and the utility program will connect to the amplifier.

When the amplifier is running and the utility program is connected, the firmware can be upgraded with the following procedure:

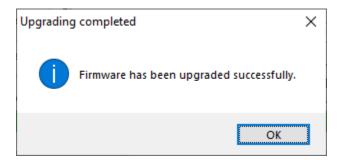
1. If the amplifier is in **OPERATE** mode, click the **STBY/OPER** button to change to **STANDBY** mode.



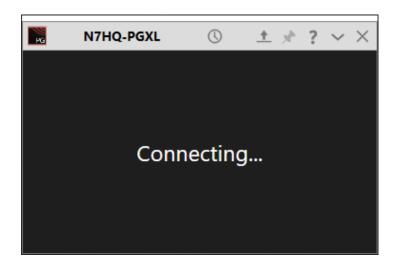
2. Click the firmware upgrade button in the *Power Genius XL Utility* program menu bar. The Power Genius XL Firmware Upgrade dialog will appear:



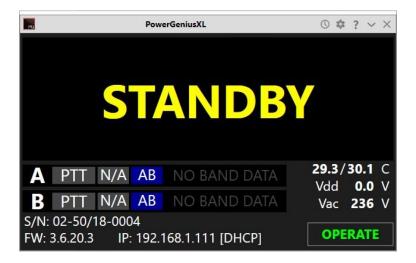
- 3. Click the Browse button on the Firmware Upgrade dialog, navigate to the firmware image, select it, and then click the UPGRADE button to start the firmware update process.
  - The Power Genius XL microprocessor will enter its boot loader.
  - The color of the LED status lights on the Power Genius XL will change to magenta.
  - The firmware image will be transferred over the network to the amplifier.
  - The amplifier will reboot.



- When the firmware transfer is complete, a status dialog will be shown.
- 4. Click the OK button to close the notification dialog
- 5. Close the Firmware Upgrade dialog by clicking the X in the top right corner.



During the reboot, the *Power Genius XL Utility* screen may show that it is connecting. After the reboot is complete, the amplifier will reconnect, enter Standby mode, and you may resume regular operation.



### 11 Factory Reset the Power Genius XL

The configuration of the Power Genius XL can be reset to the "factory defaults" using the following procedure:

- Turn the amp off using the power switch on the back panel.
- Press and hold **STBY/OPER** front panel button.
- Turn the amplifier ON.
- When you see a blue circle on the front-panel display, release the STBY/OPER button.
- Tap the blue circle with your finger. Another blue circle will be displayed at a different position on the display tap it. Continue tapping the blue circles until the self-test results are shown on the front panel display. This step calibrates the front panel touch screen.
- Start the *Power Genius XL Utility*. You should now be able to connect to the amp.
- Set all configuration options as desired and then click SAVE. If you do not click SAVE, the new settings will not be retained, and you will have to rerun the reset procedure.

### 12 Alarms

If the amplifier detects an operational error, a message is displayed on the main display, as shown below:



The alarms and their meanings are shown in the following list:

Alarm Message	Description
HIGH SWR	High SWR has been detected on the output port.
WRONG BAND	Band data not detected. Check your band data settings/connections/sources.
CB NOT ALLOWED	Attempted operation in the 11-meter Citizen's Band
PLEASE UNKEY	The amplifier needs to make a change that can only be done when it is unkeyed.

When an alarm is raised, the amplifier disengages to protect itself from damage. The alarm is cleared when the PTT is released.

### 13 Specifications

#### **PA Specifications**

• RF Power Output 1500W (ICAS)

Exciter Drive Level
 Up to 70W for 1500W on 160 to 10 meters, 100W on 6 meters

• Drive Transistors 2 - NXP MRF1K50H

Exciter Inputs 2 – SO-239
 Antenna Outputs 2 – SO-239

Antenna Impedance
 50 ohms unbalanced

Cooling Thermostatically Controlled Fans

#### **Mechanical Specifications**

Dimensions
 6" H x 14" W x 20" D, 15.5cm H x 35.5cm W x 51 cm D

Weight 38 pounds, 17 Kg
 Shipping weight 47 pounds, 21.5 Kg
 Operating Temperature -25°C to +60°C

#### **Electrical Specifications**

Supply Voltage and Current
 Power Supply
 90 – 250VAC, 50/60Hz, up to 15A
 Internal Modular/Switching

#### 14 FCC Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

FCC ID: 2AK7NSKYPower Genius XL001

### 15 Appendix

# 15.1 Installing the Power Genius XL Utility

The *Power Genius XL Utility* program is an integral part of the amplifier system. The program is used to configure the amplifier, update the amplifier's firmware, and operate it remotely. Section **9**, **The Power Genius XL Utility** describes the program's features and usage in detail.

Download the installer for the program from the FlexRadio website and install the program on a Windows PC located on the same local area network (LAN) as the amplifier.

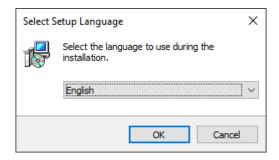
The installer can be found in the software section of the FlexRadio website: <a href="https://www.flexradio.com/category/power-genius-xl/">https://www.flexradio.com/category/power-genius-xl/</a>

During installation, if you encounter a message like the one below, please click on the **More info** link.

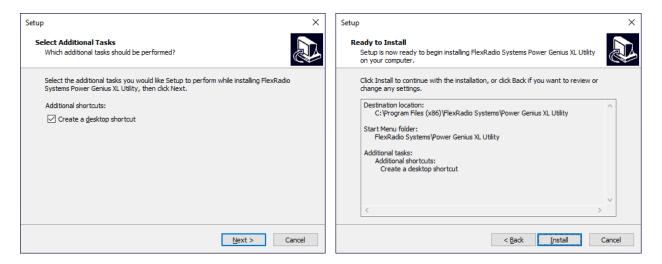




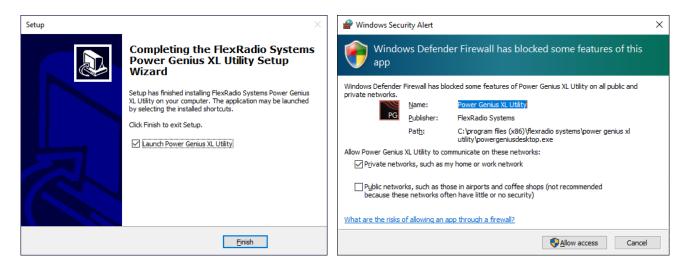
You can then click the **Run anyway** button to run the installer.



You will be presented with a dialog where you select the desired language and press, OK.



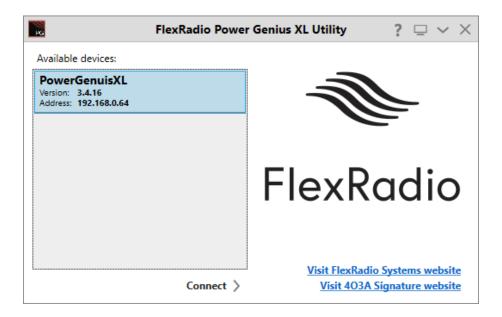
Decide if you want a desktop shortcut created, then press Next >. Finally, when ready, press Install.



When the installer completes, you will see a choice to run the *Power Genius XL Utility*. Ensure that box is checked and click **Finish.** 

When the utility runs the first time, Windows Firewall may query you for permission to open a port on your PC needed for the *Power Genius Utility* to communicate with the amplifier. You can choose to allow the application to function on Private Networks, Public Networks, or both network types. Click **Allow access** to complete the installation.

i – Windows Updates have, in the past, changed the network type from Private to Public without warning. If your PC is not a laptop you travel with, a best practice is to select both network types, to prevent problems if a Windows update alters your network type.



When the utility program completely loads, it will detect any Power Genius XL amplifiers active on your LAN, then display them in a list.